

IN THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

1. (Original): A method for preserving a catalyst comprising maintaining a phosphorus-molybdenum-vanadium catalyst containing phosphorus, molybdenum and vanadium retained in a reactor under a condition of a water content of 30 mg or less per 1 g of catalyst dry weight, before the start of the reaction or during the stop of the reaction.
2. (Original): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 1, wherein a retaining temperature of said catalyst is 0 °C or higher and not higher than the calcination temperature in catalyst production.
3. (Original): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 1, wherein a retaining temperature of said catalyst is 15 °C or higher and 150 °C or lower.
4. (Original): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 1, wherein a water concentration in gas in said reactor is 1 vol% or less.
5. (Original): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 1, wherein a water concentration in gas in said reactor is 0.5 vol% or less.
6. (Original): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 1, wherein a retaining temperature of said catalyst is 0 °C or higher and not higher than the calcination temperature in catalyst production, and a water concentration in gas in said reactor is 1 vol% or less.

7. (Original): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 1, wherein a retaining temperature of said catalyst is 15 °C or higher and 150 °C or lower, and a water concentration in gas in said reactor is 0.5 vol% or less.

8. (Original): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 6, wherein said temperature of the catalyst is retained 0 °C or higher and not higher than the calcination temperature in catalyst production, and the gas having a water concentration of 0.8 vol% or less and containing substantially no component lowering a catalytic performance is allowed to pass through in said reactor.

9. (Original): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 8, wherein the gas to be passed through in the reactor is an inert gas or oxidizing gas.

10. (Original): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 9, wherein the gas to be passed through in the reactor is air.

11. (Original): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 7, wherein said temperature of the catalyst is retained 15 °C or higher and 150 °C or lower, and the gas having a water concentration of 0.5 vol% or less and containing substantially no component lowering a catalytic performance is allowed to pass through in said reactor.

12. (Original): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 11, wherein the gas to be passed through in the reactor is an inert gas or oxidizing gas.

13. (Original): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 12, wherein the gas to be passed through in the reactor is air.

Claim 14 (Currently Amended): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 1, wherein said phosphorus-molybdenum-vanadium catalyst is preserved in ~~dark ambient~~ darkness under ambient conditions.

Claim 15 (Previously Presented): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 1, wherein said phosphorus-molybdenum-vanadium catalyst is a catalyst used in producing methacrylic acid from methacrolein by catalytic oxidation in a vapor phase.

Claim 16 (Original): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 14, wherein said phosphorus-molybdenum-vanadium catalyst is a catalyst used in producing methacrylic acid from methacrolein by catalytic oxidation in a vapor phase.

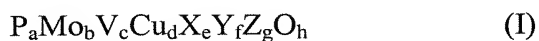
Claim 17 (Previously Presented): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 15, wherein said phosphorus-molybdenum-vanadium catalyst is represented by the following formula (I):



wherein, P, Mo, V, Cu and O represent phosphorus, molybdenum, vanadium, copper and oxygen, respectively; X represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of antimony, bismuth, arsenic, germanium, zirconium, tellurium, silver, selenium, silicon, tungsten and boron; Y represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of iron, zinc, chromium, magnesium, tantalum, cobalt, manganese, barium, gallium, cerium and lanthanum; Z represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of potassium, rubidium and cesium; and a, b, c, d, e, f, g and h represent an atom ratio of each

element, and when  $b=12$ , then,  $a=0.5$  to  $3$ ,  $c=0.01$  to  $3$ ,  $d=0.01$  to  $2$ ,  $e=0$  to  $3$ ,  $f=0$  to  $3$ ,  $g=0.01$  to  $3$ ; and  $h$  represents an atom ratio of oxygen necessary for satisfying an atomic valence of each component.

Claim 18 (Previously Presented): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 16, wherein said phosphorus-molybdenum-vanadium catalyst is represented by the following formula (I):



wherein, P, Mo, V, Cu and O represent phosphorus, molybdenum, vanadium, copper and oxygen, respectively; X represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of antimony, bismuth, arsenic, germanium, zirconium, tellurium, silver, selenium, silicon, tungsten and boron; Y represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of iron, zinc, chromium, magnesium, tantalum, cobalt, manganese, barium, gallium, cerium and lanthanum; Z represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of potassium, rubidium and cesium; and  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$ ,  $d$ ,  $e$ ,  $f$ ,  $g$  and  $h$  represent an atom ratio of each element, and when  $b=12$ , then,  $a=0.5$  to  $3$ ,  $c=0.01$  to  $3$ ,  $d=0.01$  to  $2$ ,  $e=0$  to  $3$ ,  $f=0$  to  $3$ ,  $g=0.01$  to  $3$ ; and  $h$  represents an atom ratio of oxygen necessary for satisfying an atomic valence of each component.

Claim 19 (Previously Presented): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 2, wherein said phosphorus-molybdenum-vanadium catalyst is a catalyst used in producing methacrylic acid from methacrolein by catalytic oxidation in a vapor phase.

Claim 20 (Previously Presented): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 4, wherein said phosphorus-molybdenum-vanadium catalyst is a catalyst used in producing methacrylic acid from methacrolein by catalytic oxidation in a vapor phase.

Claim 21 (Previously Presented): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 6, wherein said phosphorus-molybdenum-vanadium catalyst is a catalyst used in producing methacrylic acid from methacrolein by catalytic oxidation in a vapor phase.

Claim 22 (Previously Presented): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 7, wherein said phosphorus-molybdenum-vanadium catalyst is a catalyst used in producing methacrylic acid from methacrolein by catalytic oxidation in a vapor phase.

Claim 23 (Previously Presented): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 8, wherein said phosphorus-molybdenum-vanadium catalyst is a catalyst used in producing methacrylic acid from methacrolein by catalytic oxidation in a vapor phase.

Claim 24 (Previously Presented): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 19, wherein said phosphorus-molybdenum-vanadium catalyst is represented by the following formula (I):



wherein, P, Mo, V, Cu and O represent phosphorus, molybdenum, vanadium, copper and oxygen, respectively; X represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of antimony, bismuth, arsenic, germanium, zirconium, tellurium, silver, selenium, silicon, tungsten and boron; Y represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of iron, zinc, chromium, magnesium, tantalum, cobalt, manganese, barium, gallium, cerium and

lanthanum; Z represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of potassium, rubidium and cesium; and a, b, c, d, e, f, g and h represent an atom ratio of each element, and when b=12, then, a=0.5 to 3, c=0.01 to 3, d=0.01 to 2, e=0 to 3, f=0 to 3, g=0.01 to 3, and h represents an atom ratio of oxygen necessary for satisfying an atomic valence of each component.

Claim 25 (Previously Presented): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 20, wherein said phosphorus-molybdenum-vanadium catalyst is represented by the following formula (I):



wherein, P, Mo, V, Cu and represent phosphorus, molybdenum, vanadium, copper and oxygen, respectively; X represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of antimony, bismuth, arsenic, germanium, zirconium, tellurium, silver, selenium, silicon, tungsten and boron; Y represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of iron, zinc, chromium, magnesium, tantalum, cobalt, manganese, barium, gallium, cerium and lanthanum; Z represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of potassium, rubidium and cesium; and a, b, c, d, e, f, g and h represent an atom ratio of each element, and when b=12, then, a=0.5 to 3, c=0.01 to 3, d=0.01 to 2, e=0 to 3, f=0 to 3, g=0.01 to 3, and h represents an atom ratio of oxygen necessary for satisfying an atomic valence of each component.

Claim 26 (Previously Presented): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 21, wherein said phosphorus-molybdenum-vanadium catalyst is represented by the

following formula (I):



wherein, P, Mo, V, Cu and O represent phosphorus, molybdenum, vanadium, copper and oxygen, respectively; X represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of antimony, bismuth, arsenic, germanium, zirconium, tellurium, silver, selenium, silicon, tungsten and boron; Y represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of iron, zinc, chromium, magnesium, tantalum, cobalt, manganese, barium, gallium, cerium and lanthanum; Z represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of potassium, rubidium and cesium; and a, b, c, d, e, f, g and h represent an atom ratio of each element, and when b=12, then, a=0.5 to 3, c=0.01 to 3, d=0.01 to 2, e=0 to 3, f=0 to 3, g=0.01 to 3, and h represents an atom ratio of oxygen necessary for satisfying an atomic valence of each component.

Claim 27 (Previously Presented): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 22, wherein said phosphorus-molybdenum-vanadium catalyst is represented by the following formula (I):



wherein, P, Mo, V, Cu and O represent phosphorus, molybdenum, vanadium, copper and oxygen, respectively, X represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of antimony, bismuth, arsenic, germanium, zirconium, tellurium, silver, selenium, silicon, tungsten and boron, Y represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of iron, zinc, chromium, magnesium, tantalum, cobalt, manganese, barium, gallium, cerium and lanthanum, Z represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of potassium,

rubidium and cesium, a, b, c, d, e, f, g and h represent an atom ratio of each element, and when b=12, then, a=0.5 to 3, c=0.01 to 3, d=0.01 to 2, e=0 to 3, f=0 to 3, g=0.01 to 3, and h represents an atom ratio of oxygen necessary for satisfying an atomic valence of each component.

Claim 28 (Previously Presented): The method for preserving a catalyst according to Claim 23, wherein said phosphorus—molybdenum-vanadium catalyst is represented by the following formula (I):



wherein, P, Mo, V, Cu and O represent phosphorus, molybdenum, vanadium, copper and oxygen, respectively; X represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of antimony, bismuth, arsenic, germanium, zirconium, tellurium, silver, selenium, silicon, tungsten and boron; Y represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of iron, zinc, chromium, magnesium, tantalum, cobalt, manganese, barium, gallium, cerium and lanthanum; Z represents at least one element selected from the group consisting of potassium, rubidium and cesium; and a, b, c, d, e, f, g and h represent an atom ratio of each element, and when b=12, then, a=0.5 to 3, c=0.01 to 3, d=0.01 to 2, e=0 to 3, f=0 to 3, g=0.01 to 3, and h represents an atom ratio of oxygen necessary for satisfying an atomic valence of each component.